
HANDOUT| UPSC Super Simplified

Excavations in the News

Excavations	Location	Findings
Pattanam	Kerala (South-west Coast)	No idols, arms and graded inequalities - secular features
Keeladi	Tamil Nadu (River Vaigai)	Urban settlement of Sangam Age with literary signs matching IVC
Konthagi	Tamil Nadu	Burial urns with bones and weapons
Pattinapakkam (Natham Medu)	Tamil Nadu	12,000-year-old artifacts
Adichanallur	Tamil Nadu	Urn burial site and Gold mines
Porunai	Tamil Nadu (River Thamirabarani)	Rice grains and husk
Maligaimedu	Tamil Nadu	25 cm high ancient clay pot
Sivakalai	Tamil Nadu	Rice along with husk in burials
Mayiladumparai	Tamil Nadu	Earliest usage of Iron from 2172 BC
Kodumanal	Tamil Nadu	Menhir (standing stone)
Kanaganahalli	Karnataka (River Bima)	Buddhist Stupa and Ashoka stone edicts mentioning him as 'Ranyo Ashokan' (King Ashoka)
Gottiprolu	Andhra Pradesh	2000 year Old Trade Centre
Nagardhan	Maharashtra	Vakataka Rule under Queen Prabhavatigupta.
Juna Khatiya Village	Gujarat	Biggest cemetery of Harappa
Vadnagar (an Ancient 'Living City')	Gujarat (Tentative list of UNESCO World Heritage sites)	Unique Buddhist Centre - Inhabited uninterruptedly for over 2,700 years
Rakhigarhi	Haryana	5000 year old jewellery factory
Bharatpur	West Bengal	Buddhist Monastery founded
Purana Qilla	Delhi	Evidence of layers predating the Mauryan period was found
Sinauli	Uttar Pradesh	India's largest and 4000-year-old burial site
Hastinapur	Uttar Pradesh (Capital of Kauravas)	Copper sword and horse-driven war
Poonch	Jammu and Kashmir	Finding a link with the IVC